# Financial Report of

# **COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK**

Garden City, Texas

Year Ended September 30, 2008

# COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Annual Financial Report Year Ended September 30, 2008

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	3-8
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis	9
Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	10
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds	11
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets -	
Modified Cash Basis	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis -	
Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	14
Statement of Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis -	
Proprietary Fund	16
Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund	17
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis - Fiduciary Funds	18
Notes to the Financial Statements	19-28
Required Supplementary Information	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis -	
Budget and Actual - General Fund	29-30
Supplementary Information	
Taxing History for Ten Years	- 31
COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROLS SECTION	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on	
an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	32-33
Schedule of Status of Prior Findings	34

# FINANCIAL SECTION



#### A Limited Liability Partnership

Jerry L. Tinkler, CPA Michael E. Oliphant, CPA Calvin Featherston, CPA Wayne Barr, CPA (325) 944-3571 FAX: (325) 942-1093 www.eckertandcompany.com Members of American Institute of CPAs Texas Society of CPAs

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court County of Glasscock P.O. Box 67 Garden City, TX 79739-0067

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Glasscock, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Section I., Note C., the County's policy is to prepare its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Glasscock, Texas, as of September 30, 2008, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Section I., Note C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 5, 2009, on our consideration of the County of Glasscock's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and important for assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 8 and 29 through 30, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Page 2

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Glasscock's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Eckert & Company, LLP

February 5, 2009

# COUNTY COMMISSIONERS GLASSCOCK COUNTY

#### P.O. BOX 67

### **GARDEN CITY, TEXAS 79739**

PH. 432-354-2382

Fax 432-354-2348

Commissioners

Jimmy Strube Pct. 1

Mark Halfmann Pct. 2

Marck Schafer Pct. 3

Michael Hoch Pct. 4

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### UNAUDITED

Our discussion and analysis of the County of Glasscock's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2008, within the limitations of the County's modified cash basis of accounting. It should be read in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements and independent auditors' report.

# Financial Highlights - Modified Cash Basis of Accounting

The County's assets exceeded its liabilities at the end of the current year by \$5,427,737 (net assets). Of this amount, \$2,131,119 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

The County's total net assets increased by \$633,304 as a result of current year operations. The County's statement of activities shows total revenues of \$3,396,159 and total expenses of \$2,762,855.

The total fund balance, all of which is unreserved, of the General Fund was \$1,945,215 which was an increase of \$405,474 compared to the prior year.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

The County's financial statements are presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the County's modified cash basis of accounting.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

**Government-Wide Financial Statements -** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Continued

#### UNAUDITED

## Overview of the Financial Statements - Continued

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the current year while keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

The governmental activities of the County include public transportation through roads and bridges, justice system, public safety, public health and welfare, culture and education, and community and economic development, as well as general administrative and support services. Business-type activities consist of a water system.

The County has no component units.

**Fund Financial Statements** - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds** - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the current year.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet - modified cash basis and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - modified cash basis provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet - modified cash basis and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - modified cash basis for the General Fund which is considered to be a major fund. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The County adopts a budget for its General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

**Proprietary Funds** - Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for its water system.

**Fiduciary Funds** - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources which are collected by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other County funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

**Notes to the Financial Statements -** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Continued UNAUDITED

## **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Net Assets - A summary of the County's net assets is presented below:

#### **NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**

	Governmer	ital Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Totals					
		September 30,								
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007				
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 2,084,876 2,033,400	\$ 1,639,040 1,802,978	\$ 63,634 1,263,218	\$ 58,606 1,303,577	\$ 2,148,510 3,296,618	\$ 1,697,646 3,106,555				
Total Assets	\$ 4,118,276	\$ 3,442,018	\$ 1,326,852	\$ 1,362,183	\$ 5,445,128	\$ 4,804,201				
Liabilities	\$ 17,391	\$ 9,768	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 17,391	\$ 9,768				
Net Assets										
Invested in Capital Assets	\$ 2,033,400	\$ 1,802,978	\$ 1,263,218	\$ 1,303,577	\$ 3,296,618	\$ 3,106,555				
Unrestricted	2,067,485	1,629,272	63,634	58,606	2,131,119	1,687,878				
Total Net Assets	\$ 4,100,885	\$ 3,432,250	\$ 1,326,852	\$ 1,362,183	\$ 5,427,737	\$ 4,794,433				

A large portion of the County's net assets resulting from modified cash basis transactions (\$3,296,618) reflects the County's investment in capital assets (land, buildings and equipment). These assets are not available for future spending. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$2,131,119) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Continued UNAUDITED

## Government-Wide Financial Analysis - Continued

**Governmental Activities** - For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007; governmental activities increased the County's net assets resulting from modified cash basis transactions by \$668,635 and \$515,077, respectively, while business-type activities decreased the County's net assets resulting from modified cash basis transactions by \$35,331 and \$35,442, respectively. Key elements of these increases (decreases) are as follows:

#### CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Totals				
						Year Ended S	Sept	ember 30,	_	,		
		2008		2007		2008		2007		2008		2007
Revenues												
Program Revenues												
Charges for Services	\$	462,786	\$	514,693	\$	63,939	\$	47,169	\$	526,725	\$	561,862
Operating Grants and Contributions		139,797		25,520		0		0		139,797		25,520
General Revenues												
Maintenance and Operations Taxes		2,618,340		2,411,490		0		0		2,618,340		2,411,490
Investment Earnings		67,484		97,237		1,953		2,858		69,437		100,095
Other		41,860		44,159	_	0		0	_	41,860	_	44,159
Total Revenues	<u>\$</u>	3,330,267	<u>\$</u>	3,093,099	<u>\$</u>	65,892	\$	50,027	<u>\$</u>	3,396,159	\$	3,143,126
Expenses												
General Government	\$	909,395	\$	869,485	\$	0	\$	0	\$	909,395	\$	869,485
Roads and Bridges		1,077,445		1,073,323		. 0		0		1,077,445		1,073,323
Justice System		146,970		158,896		0		0		146,970		158,896
Public Safety		349,993		304,992		0		0	_	349,993		304,992
Public Health and Welfare		27,845		28,370		0		0		27,845		28,370
Culture and Education		95,700		86,779		0		0		95,700		86,779
Community and Economic Development		54,284		56,177		0		0		54,284		56,177
Water		0	_	0		101,223	_	85,449	_	101,223	_	85,449
Total Expenses	\$	2,661,632	\$	2,578,022	<u>\$</u>	101,223	\$	85,449	\$	2,762,855	<u>\$</u>	2,663,471
Change in Net Assets	\$	668,635	\$	515,077	\$	(35,331)	\$.	(35,422)	\$	633,304	\$	479,655
Net Assets - Beginning	_	3,432,250		2,917,173	_	1,362,183		1,397,605	_	4,794,433		4,314,778
Net Assets - Ending	\$	4,100,885	\$	3,432,250	\$	1,326,852	\$	1,362,183	\$	5,427,737	\$	4,794,433

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Continued

#### UNAUDITED

## Government-Wide Financial Analysis - Continued

The above "Changes in Net Assets" reflects the following:

#### **Governmental Activities**

- The total cost of all governmental activities this year was \$2,661,632.
- Some costs, \$462,786 were recovered through charges for services from those who directly benefited from the programs.
- Other costs, \$139,797, were recovered through operating grants and contributions.
- The total net cost of all governmental activities this year (total cost less program revenues) was \$2,059,049.
- The amount paid by taxpayers for these activities through property taxes was \$2,618,340.
- The amount funded by investment earnings and other revenues was \$109,344.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

- The total cost of all business-type activities this year was \$101,223.
- Charges for services from those who directly benefited from the programs were \$63,939.
- The total net cost of all business-type activities this year was \$37,284.
- Investment earnings generated additional revenues of \$1,953.

# Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. The unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the current year within the limitations of the County's modified cash basis of accounting.

The County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances on the modified cash basis of accounting of \$2,067,485, an increase of \$438,213 in comparison with the prior year. This total amount constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

**Proprietary Funds** - The County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net assets amounted to \$63,634. Total net assets decreased \$35,331.

# **General Fund Budget**

The original and final amended budget for the General Fund was \$3,202,073. None of the variances between the original budget and the final amended budget were significant.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - Continued UNAUDITED

# Capital Assets and Debt - Modified Cash Basis

Capital Assets - The County's investment in capital assets, net of depreciation, for its governmental type activities as of September 30, 2008 and 2007, was \$2,033,400 and \$1,802,978, respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. Major additions during the current year included two fire trucks, maintenance, and expansion of the Garden City fire station.

The County's investment in capital assets, net of depreciation, for its business-type activities as of September 30, 2008 and 2007, was \$1,263,218, and \$1,303,577, respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land and the water system.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS NET OF DEPRECIATION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

		Governmen	ntal Activities Business-Ty			vities Business-Type Activities To			otals			
		September 30,										
	_	2008		2007		2008		2007		2008		2007
Land	\$	133,519	\$	133,519	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	153,519	\$	153,519
Buildings and Improvements		985,344		975,633		0		0		985,344		975,633
Water System		0		0		1,243,218		1,283,577		1,243,218		1,283,577
Machinery and Equipment		914,537	_	693,826		0		0		914,537	_	693,826
Totals	\$	2,033,400	\$	1,802,978	\$	1,263,218	\$	1,303,577	\$	3,296,618	\$	3,106,555

**Long-Term Debt** - The County had no long-term debt outstanding.

## **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The County has adopted a budget for the General Fund in the amount of \$3,484,748, for the fiscal year 2009, which is an increase of \$282,675 from the fiscal year 2008.

The County's assessed valuation for property taxes is \$1,062,244,170 for the fiscal year 2009, which is an increase of \$287,780,500 from the fiscal year 2008.

The County's total tax rate for property taxes is \$.2634 for the fiscal year 2009, which is a decrease of \$.079765 from the fiscal year 2008.

The County's total tax levy for property taxes is \$2,797,954 for the fiscal year 2009, which is an increase of \$140,267 from the fiscal year 2008.

#### Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: Wilburn Bednar, County Judge, County of Glasscock, P.O. Box 67, Garden City, TX 79739-0067.



# COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Statement of Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis September 30, 2008

	GovernmentalActivities	Business-Type Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash	\$ 508,479	\$ 3,438	\$ 511,917
TexPool	1,542,276	60,296	1,602,572
Internal Balances	100	(100)	0
Due from Fiduciary Funds	34,021	0	34,021
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation):			
Land	133,519	20,000	153,519
Buildings and Improvements	985,344	0	985,344
Water System	0	1,243,218	1,243,218
Machinery and Equipment	914,537	0_	914,537
Total Assets	\$ 4,118,276	\$ 1,326,852	\$ 5,445,128
LIABILITIES			
Due to Other Governments	\$ 17,391	\$ 0	\$ 17,391
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets	\$ 2,033,400	\$ 1,263,218	\$ 3,296,618
Unrestricted	2,067,485	63,634	2,131,119
Total Net Assets	\$ 4,100,885	\$ 1,326,852	\$ 5,427,737

# Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis Year Ended September 30, 2008

		Program Revenues			(Expense) Revenu hanges in Net Ass	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities: General Government Roads and Bridges Justice System Public Safety Public Health and Welfare Culture and Education Community and Economic Development	\$ 909,395 1,077,445 146,970 349,993 27,845 95,700 54,284	\$ 379,334 42,056 39,336 0 0 0 2,060	\$ 15,000 10,272 0 114,525 0 0	\$ (515,061) (1,025,117) (107,634) (235,468) (27,845) (95,700) (52,224)	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ (515,061) (1,025,117) (107,634) (235,468) (27,845) (95,700) (52,224)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 2,661,632	\$ 462,786	\$ 139,797	\$ (2,059,049)	\$ 0	\$ (2,059,049)
Business-Type Activities: Water System	101,223	63,939	0	0	(37,284)	(37,284)
Total	\$ 2,762,855	\$ 526,725	\$ 139,797	\$ (2,059,049)	\$ (37,284)	\$ (2,096,333)
	General Reve Property T Investmen Miscellane	axes - Operations t Earnings		\$ 2,618,340 67,484 41,860	\$ 0 1,953 0	\$ 2,618,340 69,437 41,860
	Total Ge	eneral Revenues		\$ 2,727,684	\$ 1,953	\$ 2,729,637
	Change in Ne	t Assets		\$ 668,635	\$ (35,331)	\$ 633,304
	Net Assets - E	Beginning		3,432,250	1,362,183	4,794,433
The accompanying notes are an integral part of th	Net Assets - I is financial statemer	•		\$ 4,100,885	\$ 1,326,852	\$ 5,427,737

# COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds September 30, 2008

		Other	Total
		Governmental	Governmental
	General	Funds	Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>	<b></b>	0.054	<b>6</b> 500 470
Cash	\$ 501,628	\$ 6,851	\$ 508,479
TexPool	1,429,817	112,459	1,542,276
Due from Other Funds	31,161	2,960_	34,121
	<b>A</b> 4 000 000	<b>4.00.070</b>	Φ 0 004 070
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,962,606</u>	<u>\$ 122,270</u>	\$ 2,084,876
LIABILITIES  Due to Other Covernments	\$ 17,391	\$ 0	\$ 17,391
Due to Other Governments	φ 17,391	<del>\$</del> 0	φ 17,391
FUND BALANCES Unreserved, Reported in:			
General Fund	\$ 1,945,215	\$ 0	\$ 1,945,215
Special Revenue Funds	0	122,270	122,270
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,945,215	\$ 122,270	\$ 2,067,485
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,962,606	\$ 122,270	\$ 2,084,876

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis September 30, 2008

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,067,485
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) is to increase net assets.	1,802,978
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements but are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including capital outlays is to increase net assets.	460,016
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.	(229,594)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,100,885

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2008

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 2,618,340	\$ 0	\$ 2,618,340
Fees	335,685	31,399	367,084
Fines	37,379	0	37,379
Intergovernmental	157,794	0	157,794
Interest	64,481	3,003	67,484
Miscellaneous	81,373	813	82,186
Total Revenues	\$ 3,295,052	\$ 35,215	\$ 3,330,267
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government	\$ 907,430	\$ 808	\$ 908,238
Roads and Bridges	1,200,120	0	1,200,120
Justice System	130,100	1,668	131,768
Public Safety	487,503	0	487,503
Public Health and Welfare	27,031	0	27,031
Culture and Education	112,331	0	112,331
Community and Economic Development	25,063	0	25,063
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,889,578	\$ 2,476	\$ 2,892,054
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 405,474	\$ 32,739	\$ 438,213
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,539,741	89,531	1,629,272
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 1,945,215	\$ 122,270	\$ 2,067,485

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis Year Ended September 30, 2008

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 438,213
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements but are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing capital outlays is to increase net assets.	460,016
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's	
depreciation is to decrease net assets.	(229,594)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 668,635

# COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Statement of Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Fund September 30, 2008

	Water System
	Enterprise
	Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Current Assets:	
Cash	\$ 3,438
TexPool	60,296
Total Current Assets	\$ 63,734
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Land	\$ 20,000
Water System	1,614,330
Total	\$ 1,634,330
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(371,112)
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 1,263,218
Total Assets	\$ 1,326,952
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Due to General Fund	\$ 100
NET ASSETS	e 4.062.049
Invested in Capital Assets	\$ 1,263,218 63,634
Unrestricted	00,034
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,326,852

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Fund Year Ended September 30, 2008

		Water
	•	System
		Enterprise
		Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges Sales and Services:		
Water Sales	\$	63,689
Other Services	_	250
Total Operating Revenues	\$	63,939
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and Benefits	. \$	23,651
Utilities	•	18,584
Insurance		5,856
Repair and Maintenance		8,867
Other		3,906
Depreciation	_	40,359
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$</u>	101,223
Operating Loss	\$	(37,284)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest Earned	<del>-</del>	1,953
Change in Net Assets	\$	(35,331)
Total Net Assets - Beginning		1,362,183
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	1,326,852

# COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Fund Year Ended September 30, 2008

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Cash Received from Customers and Users Cash Payments for Goods and Services Cash Payments for Salaries and Benefits  Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	Water System Enterprise Fund  \$ 63,939 (37,213) (23,651)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Net Increase in Due to Other Funds	100
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on Investments	1,953
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,128
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	58,606
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	<u>\$ 63,734</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET  CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Operating Loss	\$ (37,284)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Depreciation	40,359_
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 3,075

# COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2008

	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash	\$ 46,051
LIABILITIES	
Due to Other Funds	\$ 34,021
Due to Other Governments	9,308
Due to Others	2,722
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 46,051</u>

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The County of Glasscock, Texas, prepares its basic financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The County of Glasscock, Texas, was organized by an Act of the Texas Legislature in April 1893. The County is governed by the Commissioners' Court, a five member group consisting of an elected County Judge and four County Commissioners elected from individual precincts. Services provided by the County include public transportation through roads and bridges, justice system, public safety, public health and welfare, culture and education, and community and economic development, as well as general administrative and support services. The County also provides water utilities. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services - payments from parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment of the County and (2) grants and contributions - payments from organizations outside the County that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment of the County. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as interfund receivables and payables on the government-wide statement of net assets.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. Operating expenses include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe how transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Continued

#### Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting.

Governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus. Current financial assets and liabilities are generally the only items included on their balance sheets. The operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. Fund balance is used to measure available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Proprietary funds utilize an economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income and the changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities associated with the activities of the proprietary funds are reported in the financial statements. Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards apply to the modified cash basis of accounting and to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements are presented using the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes assets, liabilities, net assets, fund equity, revenues, expenditures, and expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. The modified cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The use of the modified cash basis of accounting results in certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenues for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable, expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) not being recorded in these financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - This Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all revenues except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Enterprise Fund - Water Fund - This Fund accounts for the operation of the water system.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued September 30, 2008

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Continued

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds - These Funds are used to account for resources which are collected by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other County funds.

#### D. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury or the State of Texas, certain U.S. agencies, certificates of deposit, money market savings accounts, certain municipal securities, repurchase agreements, common trust funds, investment pools, and other investments specifically allowed by Chapter 2256, "Public Funds Investment," and Chapter 2257, "Collateral for Public Funds." of the Government Code.

The County's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act. The County's management believes that it complied with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act and the County's investment policies.

Investments are reported at cost. The investment pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is cost.

#### E. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between individual funds may result in amounts owed between funds which are classified as Due To and From Other Funds. Other than amounts due to or from fiduciary funds these balances are eliminated in the statement of net assets.

#### F. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from modified cash basis transactions are reported in the statement of net assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	15-30
Machinery and Equipment	5-10
Water System	40

September 30, 2008

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### F. Capital Assets - Continued

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from modified cash basis transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

#### G. Restricted Assets

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### H. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt arising from modified cash basis transactions to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

Long-term debt arising from modified cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as the treatment in the government-wide financial statements.

#### I. Compensated Absences

County employees are entitled to vacation and sick leave based on their length of employment. Vacation leave does not accumulate or vest, but employees may accumulate up to 90 days of sick leave. Upon separation from service, employees are paid for any current vacation leave which has been earned but not used; however, unused sick leave is not paid.

#### J. Fund Equity

Fund equity is presented in the fund financial statements as follows:

The unreserved, undesignated fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount available for budgeting future operations. Unrestricted net assets for proprietary funds represent the net assets available for future operations.

#### K. Property Tax Revenues

Property values are assessed on January 1 of each year at which time a tax lien attaches to the property to secure the payment of taxes. Property taxes are levied on October 1 of each year. The taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year at which time they become subject to penalties and interest.

Property taxes are recognized as revenues when they are collected.

#### L. Interfund Transfers

Permanent relocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued September 30, 2008

#### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budget

The County prepares and adopts a budget for governmental funds prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The County holds public meetings for the purpose of obtaining comments from citizens prior to adopting the budget. Once a budget is approved, it can be amended only by approval of a majority of the members of the Commissioners' Court. The budget was amended during the year.

Budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a modified cash basis and cover a one-year period. Appropriations lapse at year end.

#### B. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the General Fund.

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

The County had the following investments as of September 30, 2008:

	Reported	Weighted	Standard
Investment	Amount/	Average	& Poor's
Type	Fair Value	Maturity	_Rating_
TexPool	\$ 1,602,572	45 Days	AAA

Interest Rate Risk: The County's investment policy limits its investment portfolio to maturities of one year or less as a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuating interest rates.

Credit Risk: The County's investment policy permits only investments specifically allowed by Chapter 2256, "Public Funds Investment," of the Government Code.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The County's investment policy is to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments; however, the County's policy places no specific limit on the amount which the County may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The County is not exposed to custodial credit risk for its deposits as all are covered by FDIC insurance or by collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments in external investment pools are considered unclassified as to credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued September 30, 2008

# III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - Continued

#### B. Interfund Receivables and Payables

1. The following is a summary of amounts due from and due to other funds:

0 15 1	Due From	Due To	Purpose
General Fund Fiduciary Funds Enterprise Fund	\$ 31,061 100 \$ 31,161	\$ 0 0 \$ 0	Unremitted Fees Payroll Reimbursement
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Fiduciary Funds	\$ 2,960	\$ 0	Unremitted Fees
Enterprise Fund General Fund	\$ 0	\$ 100	Payroll Reimbursement
Fiduciary Funds General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 0 0 \$ 0	\$ 31,061 2,960 \$ 34,021	Unremitted Fees Unremitted Fees
Totals	\$ 34,121	\$ 34,121	

All amounts due are expected to be repaid within one year.

## C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2008, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance Additions		Deletions	Ending Balance	
Capital Assets					
Land	\$ 133,519	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 133,519	
Buildings and Improvements	1,963,817	75,395	0	2,039,212	
Machinery and Equipment	2,180,707	384,621	119,167	2,446,161	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 4,278,043	\$ 460,016	\$ 119,167	\$ 4,618,892	
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements	\$ (988,184)	\$ (65,684)	\$ 0	\$ (1,053,868)	
Machinery and Equipment	(1,486,881)	(163,910)	(119,167)	(1,531,624)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ (2,475,065)	\$ (229,594)	\$ (119,167)	\$ (2,585,492)	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,802,978	\$ 230,422	\$ 0	\$ 2,033,400	

## III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - Continued

# C. Capital Assets - Continued

Business-Type Activities	_	Beginning Balance	Ad	ditions	De	letions	_	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Land	\$	20,000	\$	0	\$	0	\$	20,000
System	—	1,614,330	Ψ —	0	Ψ —	0_	Ψ 	1,614,330
Total Capital Assets	\$	1,634,330	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,634,330
Less Accumulated Depreciation System	_	(330,753)	(4	10,359 <u>)</u>		0	_	(371,112)
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	· <u>\$</u>	1,303,577	\$ (4	10,359)	\$	0	<u>\$</u>	1,263,218
Depreciation expense was charged to programs as follows:								

# De

Governmental Activities		
General Government	\$	19,027
Roads and Bridges		94,775
Justice System		23,227
Public Safety		51,037
Public Health and Welfare		814
Culture and Education		11,493
Community and Economic Development		29,221
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	229,594
Business-Type Activities		
Water	<u>\$</u>	40,359

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Retirement Plan

Plan Description - The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 574 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated deposits in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal deposits in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's deposits to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Funding Policy - The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable-Rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 10.41% for the months of the accounting year in 2007 and 11.91% for the months of the accounting year in 2008.

The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2008 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

Annual Pension Cost - For the employer's accounting year ended September 30, 2008, the annual pension cost for the TCDRS plan for its employees was \$89,434, and the actual contributions were \$89,434.

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

#### A. Retirement Plan - Continued

The annual required contributions were actuarially determined as a percent of the covered payroll of the participating employees, and were in compliance with the GASB Statement 27 parameters based on the actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2006, the basis for determining the contribution rates for calendar years 2007 and 2008. The December 31, 2007 actuarial valuation is the most recent valuation.

#### Actuarial Valuation Information

Actuarial Valuation Date	12-31-05	12-31-06	12-31-07
Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age
	Level Percentage	Level Percentage	Level Percentage
	of Payroll, Open	of Payroll, Closed	of Payroll, Closed
Amortization Period	20	15	15
Asset Valuation Method	Long-Term	SAF: 10-Year	SAF: 10-Year
	Appreciation	Smoothed Value	Smoothed Value
	With Adjustments	ESF: Fund Value	ESF: Fund Value
Actuarial Assumptions: Investment Return <sup>1</sup> Projected Salary Increases <sup>1</sup> Inflation Cost-of-Living Adjustments	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%
	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%
	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes Inflation at the Stated Rate

#### Trend Information

	Annual	Percentage	N	let
Accounting	Pension	of APC	Pen	sion
Year Ended,	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Oblig	gation
9-30-06	\$ 73,464	100%	\$	0
9-30-07	74,437	100%		0
9-30-08	89,434	100%		0

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

#### A. Retirement Plan - Continued

#### Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Ünfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll <sup>1</sup>	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12-31-05	\$ 2,336,580	\$ 2,805,314	\$ 468,734	83.29 %	\$ 682,992	68.63 %
12-31-06	2,596,077	3,060,490	464,413	84.83 %	710,649	65.35 %
12-31-07	2,856,681	3,326,306	469,625	85.88 %	730,712	64.27 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The annual covered payroll is based on the employee deposits received by TCDRS for the year ending with the valuation date.

#### B. Postretirement Health Care Benefits

The County pays health insurance premiums for retired elected officials and other retired employees. The County pays the premiums monthly as they are billed by the insurance carrier and charges the cost to insurance in the financial statements. The County paid premiums totaling \$37,061 for ten retirees during the current year.

#### C. Self-Insurance

The County has entered into an interlocal participation agreement with the West Texas Rural Counties Association Insurance Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an unincorporated association of counties and other political subdivisions of the State of Texas that was created to provide assistance in financing each member's risk of loss pursuant to the provisions of Article 715c, Texas Revised Civil Statutes Annotated, and Chapter 172 of the Local Government Code. The Pool provides for the self-insurance of certain defined risks jointly among the Pool members. The County's participation in the Pool is on a nonassessable basis. The County has no joint and several liability other than the maximum annual contribution required to be paid to the Pool. The Pool is required to provide stop-loss coverage and/or maintain reserves to insure that the participation of the County is maintained on a nonassessable basis at all times. The County made contributions to the Pool for the coverage selected based upon rates established by the Pool's Board of Trustees. Contributions are adjusted annually based upon the County's loss experience. The Pool may impose a surcharge on the County as a condition of continued participation in the Pool when the County has a higher loss experience than identified in the underwriting standards. The County's participation in the Pool consists of the Risk Management Pool which provides coverage for property damage, general liability, law enforcement liability, automobile liability and physical damage, public officials' liability, and workers' compensation.

#### D. Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to annually provide assurance that financial resources will be available to provide for closure, postclosure care, and remediation or containment of environmental hazards. The County has complied with this requirement by obtaining a letter of credit from a bank.



# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2008

				Variance With
	Rudget	Amounts	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				<u>(1,1092,11,0)</u>
Taxes	\$ 2,657,311	\$ 2,657,311	\$ 2,618,340	\$ (38,971)
Fees	268,000	268,000	335,685	67,685
Fines	20,000	20,000	37,379	17,379
Intergovernmental	43,350	43,350	157,794	114,444
Interest	80,000	80,000	64,481	(15,519)
Miscellaneous	27,815	27,815	81,373	53,558
Total Revenues	\$ 3,096,476	\$ 3,096,476	\$ 3,295,052	\$ 198,576
EXPENDITURES				
General Government				
Tax Assessor-Collector	\$ 123,041	\$ 126,492	\$ 126,523	\$ (31)
County and District Clerk	89,656	90,230	86,180	4,050
County Judge	67,688	69,320	67,557	1,763
County Commissioners	139,579	139,579	140,040	(461)
County Treasurer	52,841	53,359	51,754	1,605
Courthouse Custodian	31,702	31,987	29,365	2,622
Appraisal District	67,758	74,503	74,478	25
Insurance	150,000	150,000	139,035	10,965
Trapper Expense	52,800	52,800	52,800	. 0
Other	245,750	147,198	139,698	7,500
Total General Government	\$ 1,020,815	\$ 935,468	\$ 907,430	\$ 28,038
Roads and Bridges				
Road Crew	\$ 1,353,648	\$ 1,353,648	\$ 1,189,847	\$ 163,801
Lateral Road	10,600	10,600	10,273	327
Total Roads and Bridges	\$ 1,364,248	\$ 1,364,248	\$ 1,200,120	\$ 164,128
Justice System				
County and District Clerk	\$ 29,885	\$ 30,077	\$ 28,727	\$ 1,350
Justice of the Peace	34,269	35,368	33,567	1,801
County Attorney	6,440	6,487	6,082	405
Court Reporter	1,924	2,130	2,028	102
Jail .	23,875	38,044	37,879	165
Other	18,500	24,700	21,817	2,883
Total Justice System	\$ 114,893	\$ 136,806	\$ 130,100	\$ 6,706

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Modified Cash Basis - Budget and Actual General Fund - Continued Year Ended September 30, 2008

				Variance With Final Budget
	Budget Amounts		Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES - Continued				
Public Safety				
Sheriff	\$ 184,952	\$ 206,861	\$ 205,064	\$ 1,797
Constable	21,406	21,582	20,684	898
Emergency Management	14,417	14,992	14,972	20
Fire Departments	73,879	114,654	227,859	(113,205)
Ambulance Expenses	12,400	12,400	12,551	(151)
Other	6,375	6,374	6,373	1
Total Public Safety	\$ 313,429	\$ 376,863	\$ 487,503	\$ (110,640)
Public Health and Welfare				<del></del>
Landfill Expenses	\$ 26,500	\$ 26,500	\$ 27,031	\$ (531)
Indigent Health Care	212,585	212,585	0	212,585
Total Public Health and Welfare	\$ 239,085	\$ 239,085	\$ 27,031	\$ 212,054
Culture and Education				
County Agent	\$ 74,986	\$ 74,986	\$ 68,561	\$ 6,425
FCS Agent	25,524	25,524	25,761	(237)
County and FCS Agents	20,593	20,593	18,009	2,584
Total Culture and Education	\$ 121,103	\$ 121,103	\$ 112,331	\$ 8,772
Community and Economic Development		<u> </u>		
Community Center	\$ 28,500	\$ 28,500	\$ 25,063	\$ 3,437
Total Expenditures	\$ 3,202,073	\$ 3,202,073	\$ 2,889,578	\$ 312,495
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (105,597)	\$ (105,597)	\$ 405,474	\$ 511,071
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,539,741	1,539,741	1,539,741	0
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,434,144	\$ 1,434,144	\$ 1,945,215	\$ 0

Supplementary Information

# COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Taxing History for Ten Years September 30, 2008

The assessed valuations, tax rates, and taxes levied by the County of Glasscock for the past ten years are shown below:

Tax Roll Year	Assessed Valuation	Tax Rate	Taxes Levied
1998	\$ 353,475,530	\$ 0.444786	\$ 1,572,209
1999	252,313,620	0.624363	1,575,352
2000	334,036,680	0.560000	1,866,141
2001	449,110,580	0.460000	2,066,092
2002	369,469,480	0.575880	2,127,701
2003	370,738,910	0.592520	2,196,702
2004	429,273,062	0.528910	2,270,470
2005	549,015,264	0.412326	2,263,732
2006	675,386,250	0.362300	2,446,921
2007	774,463,670	0.343165	2,657,687





#### A Limited Liability Partnership

Jerry L. Tinkler, CPA Michael E. Oliphant, CPA Calvin Featherston, CPA Wayne Barr, CPA (325) 944-3571 FAX: (325) 942-1093 www.eckertandcompany.com Members of American Institute of CPAs Texas Society of CPAs

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court County of Glasscock P.O. Box 67 Garden City, TX 79739-0067

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Glasscock, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 5, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Glasscock's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Glasscock's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Glasscock's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted one matter involving internal control over financial reporting that we reported to management of the County of Glasscock in a separate letter dated February 5, 2009.

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Glasscock's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Commissioners' Court, others within the County, and state awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Eckert & Company, LLP

February 5, 2009

### COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Schedule of Status of Prior Findings Year Ended September 30, 2008

#### Prior Year Findings -

Reference Number: 07-01

The limited number of employees which the County has in the various offices prohibits the County from establishing a proper system for the segregation of duties. Segregation of duties is a key element of internal control.

#### Status of Prior Year Findings -

Reference Number: 07-01

A complete segregation of duties cannot be obtained within the current employee structure and budget constraints. The County feels that the controls which are in place will reduce the risks associated with a lack of segregation of duties to an acceptable level. The County feels that it is not economically feasible to obtain sufficient personnel in order to obtain a complete segregation of duties, and the County does not plan to take any further action on this matter.